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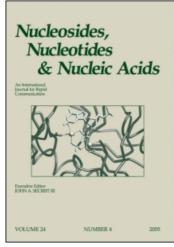
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Stereospecific Synthesis of (-)-Neplanocin F

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STEREOSPECIFIC SYNTHESIS OF (-)-NEPLANOCIN F

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☐ The stereospecific synthesis of (—)-neplanocin F was achieved in 15 steps from 2,3-O-isopropylidene-D-1,4-ribonolactone. The synthetic methodology can give an access through appropriate modifications to new series of carbanucleosides.

Keywords Neplanocin; carbanucleoside; stereospecific synthesis

INTRODUCTION

The neplanocin derivatives are an important class of naturally occurring carbanucleosides isolated from *Ampullariella regularis*.^[1] The neplanocin family includes five distinct components such as (–)-neplanocin A, (–)-neplanocin B, (–)-neplanocin C, (–)-neplanocin D, and (–)-neplanocin F (Figure 1).

Among them, (-)-neplanocin A has received great attention due to its interesting biological properties^[2] and numerous syntheses of neplanocin A as well as of its analogues have been reported.^[3] Conversely, only two syntheses of neplanocin F, a minor component of the neplanocin family, have been reported including the total synthesis as a racemate of (+/-)-neplanocin $F^{[4]}$ as well as the enantioselective synthesis of its unnatural (+) enantiomer.^[5] Although (-)-neplanocin F does not present antiviral activity, the stereospecific synthesis of such a carbanucleoside which is an allylic rearranged isomer of (-)-neplanocin A, can give an access, through appropriate chemical modifications, to new series of carbanucleosides.

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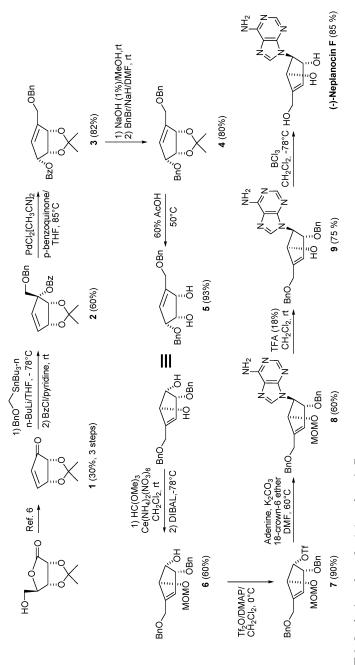
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FIGURE 1 Naturally occurring carbocyclic nucleosides from the neplanocin family.

SYNTHESIS

The synthesis of (—)-neplanocin F was stereospecifically achieved from the known cyclopentenone 1 (Scheme 1) which was obtained from commercially available 2,3-O-isopropylidene-D-1,4-ribonolactone according to literature protocols. [6] Briefly, treatment of 1 with [(benzyloxy)methyl] (tributyl)stannane [7] in the presence of n-BuLi in THF at -78° C yielded stereoselectively the 1,2-addition product which upon benzoylation provided compound 2.

Palladium-catalyzed rearrangement of **2** gave the corresponding isomeric allylic benzoate **3** with good yield. Saponification of **3** and protection of the resulting alcohol with benzyl group afforded cyclopentenol **4**. After acetonide cleavage, regioselective protection of the allylic hydroxyl position^[5] on compound **5** with a methoxymethyl (MOM) protecting group led to intermediate **6** with the homoallylic secondary alcohol free at the required position. Introduction of the heterocyclic base was achieved via the preparation of the triflate **7**, which upon reaction with adenine, potassium carbonate and a catalytic amount of 18-crown-6 ether in DMF gave solely the N-9 alkylated product. The N-9 alkylated position was unambigously established by NMR and UV spectra. Removal of the MOM group by treatment with TFA/CH₂Cl₂ and well as the two benzyl ethers by treatment with BCl₃/CH₂Cl₂ at -78° provided the target molecule (-)-neplanocin F. ¹H NMR spectrum was identical with that previously reported for the unnatural enantiomer^[5] and the optical rotation agreed with literature data.^[8]



SCHEME 1 Synthetic pathway for (–)-neplanocin F.

CONCLUSION

The efficient stereospecific synthesis of (–)-neplanocin F was realized from 2,3-O-isopropylidene-D-1,4-ribonolactone in 15 steps. The synthetic methodology can give an access, through appropriate functionalizations to new series of carbanucleosides.

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